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1 Declaration of conformity

Declaration of conformity-Dichiarazione di Conformità

PRODUCT MANUFACTURER/ PRODUTTORE:
CD Automation S.R.L.
Controllers, Drives & Automation
Via Picasso, 34/36 - 20025 Legnano (MI) - Italia
P.I. 08925720156 -Tel. (0331) 577479 - Fax (0331) 579479
Internet : www.cdautomation.com - E-MAIL: info@cdautomation.com

Declare that the product / Dichia ra che il prodotto:

RevoM, 1ph da 60 a 210A

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Electric power control

SCOPE OF APPLICATION: Thermal control process

DESCRIZIONE DEL PRODOTTO: Unità di controllo potenza elettrica

UTILIZZO: Controllo processi termici

FULFILLS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STANDARD:

Generic Emission standard EN60947-4-3: 2014 Group 1 Class A emissions

Generic Immunity standard EN60947-4-3: 2014 Industrial Immunity

SODDISFA I REQUISITI DELLA NORMA :

EN60947-4-3:2014

CDAutomation declares that the products above mentioned are conforming to the directive

CDAutomation dichiara che I prodotti sopra menzionati sono conformi alla direttiva

Alla direttiva Bassa Tensione (low Voltage) EMC directive updated 2014/30/EU, Low Voltage Directive updated 2014/35/EU

Issued on: 20/03/2017
Data di emissione: 20/03/2017

Amministratore Unico e Legale Rappresentante
Claudio Brizzi
Important warnings for safety

This chapter contains important information for the safety. The not observance of these instructions may result in serious personal injury or death and can cause serious damages to the Thyristor unit and to the components system included. The installation should be performed by qualified persons.

The Thyristor unit are integral part of industrial equipments. When it is supply, the Thyristor unit is subject to dangerous tensions.
- Don't remove the protection Cover.
- Don't use these unit in aerospace applications and/ or nuclear.

The nominal current corresponds to use at temperature not superior to 45°C.
- The Thyristor unit must be mounted in vertical position and without obstruction above and below to allow a good flow ventilation.
- The hot air of one thyristor unit must not invest the unit positioned above.
- For side by side placed leave a space of 15mm between the unit.

A suitable device must ensure that the unit can be electrically isolated from the supply, this allows the qualified people to work in safety.

Protection (Protection, Protezione)
The unit have IP20 protection rating as defined by the specific international. Is necessary consider the place of installation.

Earth (Terre, Messa a terra)
For safety, the Thyristor unit with isolated heat-sink must be connected to earth. Earth impedance should be correspondent to local earth regulation. Periodically the earth efficiency should be inspected.

Electronic supply (Alimentation électronique, Alimentazione elettronica)
The electronic circuit of the Thyristor unit must be supplied by dedicated voltage for all electronic circuits and not in parallel with coil contactors, solenoids and other. It's recommended to use a shielded transformer.

Electric Shock Hazard (Risque de choque électrique, Rischi di scosse elettriche)
When the Thyristor unit is energized, after the power supply is shut off, wait least a minute for allow the discharge of the internal capacitors where there is a dangerous tension. Before working, make sure that:
- Only authorized personnel must perform maintenance, inspection, and replacement operations.
- The authorized personnel must read this manual before to have access to the unit.
- Unqualified People don't perform jobs on the same unit or in the immediate vicinities.
Important warnings (Attention, Avvertenze importanti)
During the operations with units under tension, local regulations regarding electrical installation should be rigidly observed:

- Respect the internal safety rules.
- Don't bend components to maintain insulation distances.
- Protect the units from high temperature humidity and vibrations.
- Don't touch components to prevent electrostatic discharges on them.
- Verify that the size is in line with real needs.
- To measure voltage current etc. on unit, remove rings and other jewels from fingers and hands.
- Authorized personnel that work on thyristor unit under power supply voltage must be on insulated board

This listing does not represent a complete enumeration of all necessary safety cautions.

Electromagnetic compatibility (Compatibilità électromagnétique, Compatibilità elettromagnetica)
Our thyristor units have an excellent immunity to electromagnetic interferences if all suggestions contained in this manual are respected. In respect to a good Engineering practice, all inductive loads like solenoids contactor coils should have a filter in parallel.

Emissions (Emission, Emissioni)
All solid-state power controllers emit a certain amount of radio-frequency energy because of the fast switching of the power devices.
The CD Automation’s Thyristor unit are in accord with the EMC norms, CE mark.
In most installations, near by electronic systems will experience no difficulty with interference. If very sensitive electronic measuring equipment or low-frequency radio receivers are to be used near the unit, some special precautions may be required. These may include the installation of a line supply filter and the use of screened (shielded) output cable to the load.

3 Note

Warning: This icon is present in all the operational procedures where the Improper operation may result in serious personal injury or death

Caution: This icon is present in all the operational procedures where the Improper operation can cause damage for the Thyristor unit.

CD Automation reserves the right to modify the own products and this manual without any advise.
4 Introduction

A thyristor unit is a semiconductor device which acts as a switch formed by two thyristors in antiparallel. To switch on the alternating current the input signal will be on and the thyristor will switch off at first Zero Crossing voltage with no input signal.

The benefits of thyristor units compared with electromechanical contactors are numerous: no moving parts, no maintenance and capacity to switch very fast. Thyristors are the only solution to control transformers and special loads that change resistance with temperature and with age.

5 Advantages compared with analog thyristor unit

Communication RS485 is a standard feature of REVO M this allows the use of many information like: current, power, load state and all the parameters for diagnostic and configuration. Ulterior advantages of the digital system vs the analogical is the flexibility and the possibility of implement special characteristics without changing the hardware. Several strategies can be implemented and selected through the configuration parameters.

With CDA software configuration, you can have access to the configuration parameters. To connect the Thyristor unit to the computer use the USB\TTL converter.
6 Software Configurator CDA Thyristor configurator software

CDA Thyristor configurator software is free and is possible download it from our site: www.cdautomation.com

If the Order Code is in line with requirement, then REVO M has been already configured in Factory and it's ready to use. You need the software only to modify the ordered configuration. Anyway we suggest to check the unit on the machine with the "Test unit" section.

For install the software, launch the program and follow the instructions on the screen.

Run the software configurator and set the serial port of the PC with con baudrate =19200(default) and the address of Thyristor unit (default=1).

To connect the unit at the PC, it's necessary use the USB\TTL converter connected between the unit and the USB port of the PC.

USB\TTL converter need a driver to work properly, you can find it at www.cdautomation.com

Is available a full programmer kit composed by

- USB\TTL converter,
- Two cable
- CDA Thyristor configurator software
- USB driver

With the CD-RS serial converter is possible configure the Thyristor unit also through the RS485 For this solution, the programming cable is not necessary.
7 Quick Start

Attention: this procedure must be carried out by skilled people only.

If your REVO M code is in line with what you really need, then the main configuration is already done by CD Automation and you just need to do the following steps:

1. Verify REVO M’s current sizing. Be sure that:
   - the load current is equal or less than the nominal one of REVO M
   - the main voltage is equal or less than the nominal voltage of REVO M

2. Verify the Installation

3. Verify the Wiring:
   - all auxiliary connections must be done in line with wirings on this manual
   - verify that there isn’t a short circuit on the load

4. Supply the auxiliary voltage of the unit
   Set the parameters U_OP (Operative Voltage) and A_Lo (Nominal Current of the load) using the frontal keypad or CDA Thyristor configurator software.

### Operative Voltage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>R/W</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>It’s necessary to specify the operative voltage</td>
<td>24 ÷ 1000V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default:</td>
<td>230</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note:</td>
<td>With voltage up to 330V and over 600V, REVO M needs hardware modifications: specify this in phase of ordination.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Load nominal current

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>R/W</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>It’s necessary to specify the load current value at nominal voltage. This current and voltage value are necessary to be able to read the power in engineering units</td>
<td>1 ÷ 100.0 Ampere (for size up to 100A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default:</td>
<td>Nominal REVO M current value if load current has not been specified.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If your REVO M code is NOT in line with what you really need, use the enclosed configurator software tool to set-up the unit. Install the software on your PC, select REVO M and click on test unit changing what you need.
8 Basic Connections and sizing

**Single phase wiring with resistive load (with REVO M-1PH)**

\[
I = \frac{P}{V}
\]

- **V** = Nominal voltage of the load
- **I** = Nominal current of the load
- **P** = Nominal power of the load

**Single phase wiring with inductive load (with REVO M-1PH)**

\[
I = \frac{P}{V \cos \phi}
\]

- **V** = Nominal voltage phase to phase
- **I** = Nominal current to the load
- **P** = Nominal power to the load

**Open Delta wiring with resistive load (with 3 X REVO M-1PH)**

\[
I = \frac{P}{3V}
\]

- **V** = Nominal voltage of the load
- **I** = Nominal current of the load
- **P** = Nominal power of the load
9 Identification and Order Code

9.1 Identification of the unit

Caution: Before to install, make sure that the Thyristor unit have not damages. If the product has a fault, please contact the dealer from which you purchased the product.

The identification's label give all the information regarding the factory settings of the Thyristor unit, this label is on the unit, like represented in figure. Verify that the product is the same thing as ordered.

![Identification Label Example](image)

9.2 Order Code
### REVO M 1PH

#### Current
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Numeric Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60A</td>
<td></td>
<td>060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90A</td>
<td></td>
<td>090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120A</td>
<td></td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150A</td>
<td></td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180A</td>
<td></td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>210A</td>
<td></td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Aux. Voltage supply
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Numeric Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90:130V</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>170:365V</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250:545V</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300:530V</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>510:690V</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Control Mode
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Numeric Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Open Loop</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Feed Back</td>
<td></td>
<td>U</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Feed Back</td>
<td></td>
<td>W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Square f/t</td>
<td></td>
<td>Q</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Feed Back</td>
<td></td>
<td>I</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Approvals
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CE,EMC For European Market</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cUL For American Market, Pending</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Manual
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italian Manual</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Manual</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German Manual</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French Manual</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Fan Voltage
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Fan ≤ 90A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fan 110V &gt; 90A</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fan 220V &gt; 90A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Version
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Std with fixed Fuses</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Note 1
After 16th digit value current and voltage of load inside brackets Ex. (40A-400V)

#### Note 2
Load voltage must be included in Selected Auxiliary Voltage Range
10 Technical Specifications

10.1 General features:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cover and Socket material:</th>
<th>PolymericV2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Utilization Category</td>
<td>AC-51  AC-55b  AC-56A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Code</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method of Connecting</td>
<td>Single Phase Load</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Auxiliary voltage:

- 90:130V (8 VA Max)
- 170:265V (8 VA Max)
- 230:345V (8 VA Max)
- 300:530V (8 VA Max)
- 510:690V (8 VA Max)
- 600:760V (8 VA Max)

Relay output for Heater Break Alarm (only with HB option): 0.5A a 125VAC

10.2 Input features:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Logic input SSR:</th>
<th>4 ÷ 30Vdc 5mA Max (ON ≥ 4Vdc OFF &lt; 1Vdc)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analogic input V:</td>
<td>0 ÷ 10Vdc impedance 15 K ohm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analogic input A:</td>
<td>4 ÷ 20mA impedance 100 ohm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POT</td>
<td>10 K ohm min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Input</td>
<td>4 ÷ 24Vdc 5mA Max (ON ≥ 4Vdc OFF &lt; 1Vdc)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10.3 Output features (power device):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Nominal Voltage range (Ue)</th>
<th>Repetitive peak reverse voltage (Uimp)</th>
<th>Latching current</th>
<th>Max peak one cycle</th>
<th>Leakage current</th>
<th>FUSE I2T value Suggested A2s (at500V)</th>
<th>Frequency range</th>
<th>Power loss Thyristor + Fuse</th>
<th>Isolation Voltage (Ui)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
<td>(V)</td>
<td>(480V) (600V)</td>
<td>(mAeff)</td>
<td>(10msec.) (A)</td>
<td>(mAeff)</td>
<td>tp=10msec.</td>
<td>(Hz)</td>
<td>I=I_{nom} (W)</td>
<td>Vac</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>24÷600</td>
<td>1200 1600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1900</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>10780</td>
<td>47÷70</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>24÷600</td>
<td>1200 1600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1900</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>10780</td>
<td>47÷70</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>24÷600</td>
<td>1200 1600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1900</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>14280</td>
<td>47÷70</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>24÷600</td>
<td>1200 1600</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>17500</td>
<td>47÷70</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180</td>
<td>24÷600</td>
<td>1200 1600</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30800</td>
<td>47÷70</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>210</td>
<td>24÷600</td>
<td>1200 1600</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>53900</td>
<td>47÷70</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>3000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10.4 Fan Specification (only from 90 to 210A)

Supply: 230V Standard  Power 16W (1 Fan)
Supply: 115V Option  Power 14W (1 Fan)
11 Installation

Before to install, make sure that the Thyristor unit have not damages.
If the product has a fault, please contact the dealer from which you purchased the product.
Verify that the product is the same thing as ordered.
The Thyristor unit must be always mounted in vertical position to improve air cooling on heatsink.
Maintain the minimum distances in vertical and in horizontal as represented.
When more unit has mounted inside the cabinet maintain the air circulation like represented in figure.
Sometimes is necessary installing a fan to have better air circulation.

11.1 Environmental installation conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature</td>
<td>0-40°C at nominal current. Over 40°C use the derating curve.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature</td>
<td>-25°C a 70°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation place</td>
<td>Don’t install at direct sun light, where there are conductive dust, corrosive gas, vibration or water and also in salty environmental.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Altitude</td>
<td>Up to 1000 meter over sea level. For higher altitude reduce the nominal current of 2% for each 100m over 1000m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>From 5 to 95% without condense and ice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pollution Level</td>
<td>Up to 2nd Level ref. IEC 60947-1 6.1.3.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.2 Derating Curve

![Derating Curve](image)
11.3 Dimensions and Weight

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>W(mm)</th>
<th>D(mm)</th>
<th>H(mm)</th>
<th>Weight (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1PH (60A no Fan)</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>269</td>
<td>3,4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1PH (90-210A with Fan)</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>273</td>
<td>3,6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.4 Fixing holes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>1PH (60A no Fan)</th>
<th>1PH (90-210A with Fan)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H1</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12. Wiring instructions

The Thyristor unit could be susceptible to interferences lost by near equipments or by the power supply, for this reason in accord to the fundamental practices rules is opportune take some precautions:

- The coil contactor, the relays and other inductive loads must be equipped with opportune RC filter.
- Use shielded bipolar cables for all the input and output signals.
- The signal cables must not be near and parallel to the power cables.
- Local regulations regarding electrical installation should be rigidly observed.

Use copper cables and wires rated for use at 75°C only.

12.1 Power cable torque (suggested)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Connector Type</th>
<th>Torque Lb-in (N-m)</th>
<th>Wire Range mm²(AWG )</th>
<th>MAX Current Terminals</th>
<th>Wire Terminals UL Listed (ZMVV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>060</td>
<td>Screw M6</td>
<td>70.8 (8.0)</td>
<td>16(5) 25(3) 35(2)</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Fork/Spade Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>090 120</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Copper Tube Crimp.Lug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>Screw M8</td>
<td>141.6 (16.0)</td>
<td>50(0) 70(00) 90(000)</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>Fork/Spade Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180 210</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Copper Tube Crimp.Lug</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Cable dimensions of the Command Terminals

0.5mm² (AWG 18)

12.3 Cable dimensions of the Earth (suggested)

16 mm² (AWG 6) up to 120A
25 mm² (AWG 4) up to 210A

12.4 Terminals positions

TOP VIEW

DOWN VIEW
Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

12.5 Power Terminals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L1</td>
<td>Line Input Phase 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T1</td>
<td>Load Output Phase 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.6 Control Terminals

Warning: Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables are isolated from voltage sources.

12.6.1 Terminal block M1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>COM I - Common Digital Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>DI 2 – Enable Digital Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>DI 1 - Configurable Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>+ Control Input (SSR/0-10Vdc/4-20mA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>- Control Input (SSR/0-10Vdc/4-20mA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Output +10Vdc stabilized 1 mA MAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Not connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>C - Common contact alarm relay output (see HB Alarm contact for config.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>NC\NO- Normally Close\Open contact alarm relay output (see HB Alarm contact for config.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>RS485 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>RS485 B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.6.2 Terminal block M2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L1</td>
<td>Aux – Voltage Supply for eletronic boards and sincronization (See order code for the Value)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L2/N</td>
<td>Aux – Voltage Supply for eletronic boards and sincronization (See order code for the Value)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.6.3 Terminal block M3 (only from 120 to 210A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Fan supply (230V Standard – 115 Option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F2</td>
<td>Fan supply (230V Standard – 115 Option)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE:

*1 The user installation must be protected by electromagnetic circuit breaker or by fuse isolator. The semiconductor I2t should be 20% less than power controller I2t. Semiconductor fuses are classified for UL as supplemental protection for semiconductor. They are not approved for branch circuit protection.

*2 The auxiliary voltage supply of the Revo M unit must be synchronized with load voltage power supply. If the Auxiliary Voltage (written on the identification label) is different from Supply Voltage (to the load), use an external transformer as designated.
**Caution:** This procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.

*1 A suitable device must ensure that the unit can be electrically isolated from the supply, this allows the qualified people to work in safety.

*2 See par. "Heater Break alarm and SCR short circuit (HB Option)"

**Note:** Aux Voltage and Load Voltage must be synchronized.
13 Control Panel

The Control Panel is placed on the front of the thyristor unit, on his display you can visualize the alarms, the input and output signals and all the configuration parameters.

The function keys are the following:

- **The Function key F** is used to scroll the parameter $R$, $U$, $P$.
- **The UP key and DOWN key** are used to set the parameters in the menu and to change data.
- **The L/R key** is used to edit the parameters and to save the modified values.
- **The F+L/R** is used for enter and exit from the menu.

The Control Panel have three menu, and to enter in one of them you must set correctly the parameter $PASS$:

- **Operator Menu ($PASS = 2$)**
  This menu contains a reading parameters that give information on the state of the unit, it include also the base parameters for quick start, like the value of current and voltage load and the Set-point data.

- **Hardware Menu ($PASS = 5$)**
  This menu contains all the configuration parameters for analogic and digital I/O, and the parameters to set the serial port like the address and the baudrate.

- **Setup Menu ($PASS = 10$)**
  This menu contains all the setting parameters to configure the thyristor unit, like the firing type, the current limit, etc.
13.1 Scroll the parameters

**Operator Menu OPER**
- Set Max Output
- Read Power Output
- Read Current Output
- Read average voltage Output
- Set Load Voltage
- Set Load Current
- Digital Input 1 Value
- Digital Input 2 Value
- Analogic/Displ. Value
- Unit Enable Value
- Digital Set Point

**Setup Menu SET**
- Set Firing type
- Ramp up settings. Only F = Pr
- Set HB Sensitivity
- Set HB Delay
- Set Feedback type
- Set cycle time. Only F = Pr
- SetSoft Start cycle Only F = Pr
- Set Delay triggering only F = Pr
- Set Load Type
- Set Proportional Band
- Set Integral Time
- Start up displayed parameter
- Option not used

**Hardware Menu HARD**
- Set analog input type
- Set Min. Value Input 1
- Set Max. Value Input 1
- Set Digital Input 1
- Set Digital Input 2
- Set Digital Output 1
- Set Digital Output 2
- Serial Port Baud Rate
- Serial Port Address
- To exit from the menu push a long time both

To exit from the menu push a long time both
13.2 Operator Menu \( \alpha \mathcal{P} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{r} \)

- Push simultaneously L/R and F for few seconds to access to the menu (Menu flashing).
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN : \( \alpha \mathcal{P} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{r} \) then press F.
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN : \( \mathcal{E} \) as password then press F.
- You have access to the parameter \( \alpha \mathcal{P} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{r} \) menu.
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN the required parameter.
- If the parameter is Write/Read (W/R) press F (parameter flashing) then select by arrows UP and DOWN the required value, press F to set the new value.
- Push simultaneously L/R and F for few seconds to Exit from the menu

**Maximum output:** Its’ a scaling factor of the Input command signal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OutN</td>
<td>OutN</td>
<td>Maximum output</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Power output:** This parameter shows the Average power output.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Power output</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Current output:** This parameter shows the Average current output.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Current output</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023,3</td>
<td>from 60 to 90A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>from 120 to 210A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Average voltage output:** This parameter show the Average voltage output.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vout</td>
<td>Vout</td>
<td>Average voltage</td>
<td>V</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Values and Note

- OUT %
  - Power Adjust = 100%
  - Power Adjust = 80%
  - Power Adjust = 40%

- Input %

[Graph showing OUT % vs. Input %]
- **Operative Load Voltage:** This parameter is used to set in volt the operative voltage of the load.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U_oP</td>
<td>V_oP</td>
<td>Operative Load Voltage</td>
<td>V</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Load nominal Current:** This parameter is used to set the Load nominal Current. This parameter is necessary to have the correct rescaling inside the unit. For this reason it’s very important specify this value in the order code.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A_Lo</td>
<td>A_lo</td>
<td>Load nominal Current</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>UnitType Max Current</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>from 60 to 90A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>from 120 to 210A</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Digital Input 1:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Di1</td>
<td>Di1</td>
<td>Digital input 1</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

Di1 = 0xFF
Di1 = 0

- **Digital Input 2:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Di2</td>
<td>Di2</td>
<td>Digital input 1</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

Di2 = 0xFF
Di2 = 0

- **Analog/Digital Selection:** to set the main reference parameter taken from Analogic or Digital Input
### Analog/Digital Selection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A__d</td>
<td>A__d</td>
<td>Analog/Digital Selection</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Sample Values and Note

A__d = d \( \sqcup \) Digital  
A__d = \( \sqcap \) Analog.

#### Unit Enable Selection:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EnAb</td>
<td>EnAb</td>
<td>Unit Enable Selection</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Sample Values and Note

EnAb = \( \heartsuit \)  
EnAb = \( \diamondsuit \)

#### Digital Set Point:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SP</td>
<td>SP</td>
<td>Digital SetPoint</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1023</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Sample Values and Note

Input 4mA P015 \( SP = 0\% \)  
Input 12mA P015 \( SP = 50\% \)  
Input 20mA P015 \( SP = 100\% \)
13.3 Setup Menu  

- Push simultaneously L/R and F for few seconds to access to the menu (REVO flashing).
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN : REVO then press F.
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN : ID as password then press F.
- You have access to the parameter on REVO menu.
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN the required parameter.
- If the parameter is Write/Read (W/R) press F (parameter flashing) then select by arrows UP and DOWN the required value, press F to set the new value.
- Push simultaneously L/R and F for few seconds to Exit from the menu.

### Set Firing type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Write Read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F_r</td>
<td>Firing mode Selection</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>3*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>R/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Default Value if not specified in the Order Code

#### Sample Values and Note

1 = Zero Crossing
2 = Single Cycle
3 = Burst Firing
4 = Phase Angle
19 = Soft Start + Burst Firing
35 = Delay Triggering + Burst Firing

### Ramp Up Settings:

If the mode Firing is in Phase Angle \( rP_u \) is the time to reach the maximum firing angle. The Unit starts in phase angle mode with a ramp starting from zero up to full voltage in a presetted and Adjustable time. The time is setted by this parameter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( rP_u )</td>
<td>Sofstart - Ramp Up</td>
<td>Sec.</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Sample Values and Note

Only with Fir = Phase Angle \( PA \)

### Set HB sensitivity:

This parameter defines the threshold of resistance that activates the HB alarm
This value is in percentage respect the nominal resistance load value

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( Hb_S )</td>
<td>HB sensitivity</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>R/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• **Set HB Delay:** This parameter set a delay to have HB alarm active

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hb_d</td>
<td>Hb_S</td>
<td>HB delay</td>
<td>sec</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• **Set FeedBack type:** This parameter selects the Feed-back type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FEEd</td>
<td>FEEd</td>
<td>Feed back selection</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Default Value if not specified in the Order Code

Sample Values and Note

- 0 = V2
- 1 = NO Feed Back
- 32 = Voltage V
- 64 = Current I
- 128 = Power V x I

• **Cycle Time:**
The Cycle Time is the time which the Thyristor modulates to obtain the power demand.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ctiN</td>
<td>ctiN</td>
<td>Cycle time mSec x50</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Values and Note

Only with Fir = Zero Crossing

With a Cycle time at 4 sec:
- 25%-> 1sec on+3sec off
- 50%-> 2sec on+2sec off
- 75%-> 3sec on+1sec off

• **Burst Firing Cycles number:**
It defines the number of voltage cycles in ON condition at 50% of power demand

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bF_n</td>
<td>bF_n</td>
<td>Burst Firing Cycles Half Cycle</td>
<td>4*</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Default Value if not specified in the Order Code

Sample Values and Note

- Only with Fir = Burst Firing
- Only with Fir = Soft Start + Burst Firing
- Only with Fir = Delay Triggering + Burst Firing
### Set Soft Start Cycle:
In Burst Firing is possible to have a soft start ramp. With this parameter you can define how much cycles are necessary to reach the complete wave form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$bF_r$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sofstart - Ramp Cycles of Burst</td>
<td>Cycle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

Only with Fir = Soft Start + Burst Firing $bFr$

### Set Delay Triggering:
This parameter set firing delay in °

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$dt$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Delay Triggering</td>
<td>°</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

Only with Fir = Delay Triggering + Burst Firing $bFdt$

### Set Proportional Band:
This parameter is the gain of the feed-back loop.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$Pb$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Proportional Band</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Set Integral Time:
This parameter is the integral time of the feed-back loop.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ti$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Set Integral time</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Start Up Displayed Parameter:
This parameter select the default output value displayed at the start up of the unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$StPr$</td>
<td></td>
<td>Start Up Parameter</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>U</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

81 = Voltage output $U$

82 = Current output $I$

128 = Power V X I $P$
13.4 Hardware Menu \textit{H\textsubscript{ard}}

- Push simultaneously L/R and F for few seconds to access the menu (\textit{Menu} flashing).
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN : \textit{H\textsubscript{ard}} then press F.
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN : S as password then press F.
- You have access to the parameter on \textit{H\textsubscript{ard}} menu.
- Select by arrows UP and DOWN the required parameter.
- If the parameter is \textbf{Write/Read} (W/R) press F (parameter flashing) then select by arrows UP and DOWN the required value, press F to set the new value.
- Push simultaneously L/R and F for few seconds to Exit from the menu

### Set Analog input Value:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A_1n</td>
<td>A_1n</td>
<td>Input type V</td>
<td>3*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td></td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

0 = SSR Input
1 = 0-10 Vdc / 10Kpot
2 = 4-20 mA
3 = 0-20 mA

### Set Minimum input1 value:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L_A1</td>
<td>L A1</td>
<td>Save value Minimum input 1</td>
<td>Sw</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

Default Value \textit{dEF}
Save Value \textit{SA\textit{wE}}

Only with \textit{A\_1n} Analog Input Value = 0\_10 4\_20 0\_20

### Set Maximum input1 value:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value UM</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H_A1</td>
<td>H_A1</td>
<td>Save value Maximum input 1</td>
<td>Sw</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

Default Value \textit{dEF}
Save Value \textit{SA\textit{wE}}

Only with \textit{A\_1n} Analog Input Value = 0\_10 4\_20 0\_20
**Digital input 1 configuration** : This parameter selects the function of digital input.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cd1</td>
<td>CD11</td>
<td>Digital input 1 configuration</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

0 = Enable
2 = Change To V Feedback
3 = L/R Enable
4 = Change Firing PA/xx

**Digital input 2 configuration** : This parameter selects the function of digital input.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cd2</td>
<td>CDI2</td>
<td>Digital input 2 configuration</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

0 = Enable
2 = Change To V Feedback
3 = L/R Enable
4 = Change Firing PA/xx

**Digital Output 1 configuration** :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cdo1</td>
<td>CD01</td>
<td>DigitalOut. 1 configuration</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

0 = Enable HB - SCR s.c Alarms
1 = Disable HB Alarm
2 = Disable SCR Alarm
3 = Disable HB - SCR s.c Alarms

**Serial port Baud Rate** : This parameter selects the Baud rate on the serial port.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Min Value</th>
<th>Max Value</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bAud</td>
<td>BAud</td>
<td>Baud Rate</td>
<td>SW</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Values and Note**

0 = 4800 baud
1 = 9600 baud
2 = 19200 baud
3 = 38400 baud
• **Serial port Address**: This parameter selects the Address on the serial port for the thyristor unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Display</th>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Min Value UM</th>
<th>Max Value DEC</th>
<th>Min Value DEC</th>
<th>Max Value UM</th>
<th>Par. Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Addr</strong></td>
<td>Addr</td>
<td>Address</td>
<td>Add.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>R/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**13.5 Control Panel Led**

**13.6 Displayed Alarms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm on Display</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SHrt</td>
<td>Short Circuit on SCR!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALHb</td>
<td>Heater Break Alarm!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
14 Input output signal

14.1 Digital Input

The REVO M thyristor unit has 2 digital inputs opto-isolated to 24Vdc 5 mA. You can activate the inputs with the internal supply or with an external source for example the PLC.

14.1.1 Start/Stop (Terminal 3 of M1)
This is the start command (Enable) of the REVO M. If you remove the Start command the REVO M thyristor unit will be stopped and the output will return at zero.

14.1.2 Configurable Input (Terminal 4 of M1)
This digital input is configured by the parameter \( \ell d \), and could perform different functions:
- **Enable:**
  This function forces the output at zero.
- **Feed-Back Selection:**
  With this function, when you activate the input, the feed-back setted in the parameter \( FEEd \) change in Voltage Feed-Back (V).
- **Analog/Digital Setpoint (Local/Remote):**
  With this function, when you activate the input, the setpoint reference change from Analog input to Digital value in bumpless mode, setted in the parameter \( SP \). The parameter SP is not stored in memory.
- **Change Firing type:**
  With this function, when you activate the input, the Firing type setted in the parameter \( Fir \) change in Phase Angle PA.

14.2 Digital Output (terminal 9-10 of M1)
The REVO M thyristor unit has 1 relay output on terminal 9-10 of terminal block M1 (Max 500mA, 125Vac). The functionality of this output cane be setted with the parameter \( Co \).

This digital output can be configured in order to activate itself after that one of these alarms occurs:
- HB and SC alarm are active.
- Only HB alarm is active.
- Only SC alarm is active.

See par. “15.3 Relay Jumper configuration on JP3” to set the Relay NC or NO (Normally close-normalmente open).
14.3 Analog Inputs

14.3.1 Primary Input (Terminals 5 and 6 of M1)

The REVO M thyristor unit has 1 analog inputs for the analog setpoint. The primary input is already configured in line with customer requirements that are defined in the Order Code. The Order Code is written on the identification label. However, if you wish to change the primary input (ex. from 0÷10V to 4÷20mA) proceed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Input features</th>
<th>Impedance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0÷10V</td>
<td>Impedance</td>
<td>15KΩ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POT</td>
<td>Impedance</td>
<td>10KΩ min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4÷20mA</td>
<td>Impedance</td>
<td>100Ω</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.3.2 Primary Input calibration procedure

When you change the hardware setting is necessary make the Input calibration procedure. To make the Input calibration procedure follow these steps:

- Give the power supply.
- With Control Panel go in the Hardware menu (PASS = 5)
- Set the input signal to the min value (ex. 0V for 0÷10V or 4mA for 4÷20mA)
- Select the parameter L > I then press F (L > I Flashing)
- Press Up key (SRMÆ on display)
- Press F key to confirm (dÆF on display)
- Set the input signal to the max value (ex.10V for 0÷10V or 20mA for 4÷20mA)
- Select the parameter H > I then press F (H > I Flashing)
- Press Up key (SRMÆ on display)
- Press F key to confirm (dÆF on display)
- The Input calibration procedure is done.
15 Heater Break alarm and SCR short circuit (HB Option)

**Caution:** to work properly the load must be powered at least about 160msec.

The Heater Break circuit read the load resistance with an Internal voltage transducer and Internal current transformer (C.T.), to calculate the resistance (V/I). Minimum current is 10% of the current transformer size. If load current is below this value the Heater Break Alarm doesn’t work properly.

### 15.1 Heater break Calibration procedure

An automatic function sets the Heater Break Alarm, when write in the parameter \( R_{Lo} \) the load current and in the parameter \( U_{oP} \) the load voltage. If the load resistance increases due to a partial or total load failure, the HB alarm become ON and alarm relay change status.

You can Adjust the sensibility of HB alarm by using the parameter \( Hb.S \) This parameter is set between 1 and 255% of the nominal resistance. This parameter is the maximum increment of the resistance Load to establish the HB Alarm.

There is also \( Hb.d \) parameter to set a delay to have HB alarm active.

### 15.2 HB alarm contact (digital output)

The Revo unit with HB option, is supplied with Heater Break alarm contact normally opened (NO):

- In normal conditions (without alarm) and with auxiliary power supply, the contact to the terminals has opened (relay coil energized).
- In alarm condition or without auxiliary power supply the contact to the terminals is closed (relay coil not energized).

This alarm can be configured in order to activate itself after that one of these alarms occours:

- HB and SC alarm are active.
- Only HB alarm is active.
- Only SC alarm is active.

### 15.3 Relay Jumper configuration on JP3

[Diagram of Relay Jumper configuration on JP3]
16 Firing type

Choose an correct firing type allows to optimize the thyristor unit for the installed load. The firing type has already configured in line with customer requirements that are defined in the Order Code. The Order Code is written on the identification label. However, if you wish to change the firing type you can use the software configurator or the Control Panel parameter on SELECT menu.

Caution: this procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.

16.1 Zero Crossing (ZC - \( \mathcal{X} \mathcal{C} \))

ZC firing mode is used with Logic Output from temperature controllers and the Thyristor operates like a contactor. The Cycle time is performed by temperature controller. ZC minimizes interferences because the Thyristor unit switches ON-OFF at zero voltage.

16.2 Single Cycle (SC - \( \mathcal{S} \mathcal{C} \))

Single Cycle it's the faster zero crossing switching method in relationship of the power demand from a temperature regulator or from an external signal. With input signal at 25% the output is one cycle ON and three cycles OFF With input signal at 50% the output is one cycle ON and one cycle OFF With input signal at 75% the output is three cycles ON and one cycle OFF With input signal at 76% the output is the same of 75% but for each ON cycle the microprocessor divides 76/75, and when the sum of rests is one, the unit does one more cycle ON. For this firing is necessary to have analog input. The Single Cycle is used to control the loads with low inertia or for infrared lamps to short wave.
16.3 Burst Firing (BF $bF$)

The Burst Firing is similar to the Single Cycle, but consecutive cycles ON are selectable between 2 and 255, with input signal equal at 50%.

Burst Firing is a method zero crossing that it reduces the electromagnetic interferences because the thyristor switches at zero voltage crossing.

The example show the Burst Firing with Burst cycles: $bF_n = 4$

![Burst Firing Diagram]

16.4 Soft Start with Burst Firing (S+BF $bFr$)

This is an additional function to the Burst Firing. The unit start in phase angle mode with a ramp starting from zero up to the full tension in the cycles number set in the parameter $bF_r$.

When the ramp is over, the thyristor unit will stay in conduction at full voltage up to the end of cycles of burst. The S+BF firing is used to control small inductive loads to avoid inrush surge current and to reduce the electromagnetic interferences.

The example show the firing with Burst cycles: $bF_n = 4$ and ramp cycles: $bF_r = 3$

![Soft Start with Burst Firing Diagram]
16.5 Phase Angle (PA $\theta_p$)

The Phase Angle firing allow the control of the power on the load, for this firing the thyristor can be in conduction only for a part of the voltage cycle. This part of the voltage cycle is adjustable in function of the input signal from 0 at 100%. The PA firing is normally used for control the inductive loads, and is also possible control a primary of transformer coupled with the cold resistances like: Superkanthal, Molybdenum, Platinum, Tungsten or Quartz Lamp. The only disadvantage with phase angle is the possible generation of interferences that however can be reduced with opportune filters.
16.6 Delay Triggering with Burst Firing (DT+BF $b\int df$)

The Delay Triggering firing is used to control a primary of a transformer coupled with the normal resistances on the secondary (N.B. don't connect cold resistances on the secondary like: Superkanthal, Molybdenum, Platinum, Tungsten, Quartz Lamp).

For an inductive load (e.g., transformer), switching the thyristors at zero crossing can generate transient overcurrents that can blow the fuses. To avoid this problem, you must use the Delay Triggering. This firing delay the first half cycle of Burst for an angle from 0 to 100° relative to the zero.

Without Delay Triggering

- Transient over-current
- Current
- Voltage
- Zero Crossing Voltage

With Delay Triggering

- Delay angle (0° to 100°)
- Voltage
- Current
- Zero Crossing Voltage

For understand the Delay Triggering firing, we have represented the waves generated by vectors that rotate in counterclockwise:

Without Delay Triggering

- Without delay at zero crossing when $V_1$ is to zero (projected on the X axis) the unit switch On.
- In this case the instantaneous value of the currents are $i_1$, $i_2$ and $i_3$ and this condition, for the curve of magnetization, could generate transient overcurrents that can blow the fuses.
- With Delay Triggering, the firing of the thyristor is triggered with a delay until the instantaneous value of the current $i_1=0$, $i_2$ positive and $i_3$ negative like represented.

In this case the risk of transient overcurrents is reduced and the fuses don't blow.

The angle alpha is the delay to have $i_1=0$ and this angle depends on the power factor.

The delay angle suggests for most applications is 80°.
17 Feed-back type

The Feed-back type has already configured in line with customer requirements that are defined in the Order Code. The Order Code is written on the identification label. However, if you wish to change the Feed-back type you can use the software configurator or the Control Panel.

**Caution:** this procedure must be performed only by qualified persons.

The Feed-back type is defined by the parameter $FEEd$.

If the configurable digital input has set like Feed-Back Selection, it's possible to change the select Feed-Back with the Voltage Feed-Back (V) simply activating the input. The feed-back defines the Control Mode. It's possible to have:

- **V** = Voltage feed-back.
  The input signal is proportional to the output voltage. This means that input signal becomes a voltage demand. This control mode compensates the voltage fluctuation of the incoming line supply.

- **W** = Power feed-back.
  The input signal is proportional to the power output. This means that input signal becomes a power demand. The power remains constant also if voltage and load impedance change. This control mode is used with silicon carbide elements that change its resistive value with temperature and with age. In addition it compensates the voltage fluctuation of the incoming line supply.

- **NO** = No Feedback Open Loop. The input is proportional to the firing angle ($\alpha$).

**Also available for special application.**

- **I** = Current feed-back.
  The input signal is proportional to the current output. This means that input signal becomes a current demand. This control mode maintain the current also if the load impedance changes.

- **V2** = Square Voltage feed-back.
  The input signal is proportional to the output square voltage. This means that input signal becomes a power demand. The power remains constant if the load impedance doesn't change.
18 RS485 Serial Port

The serial communication port RS485 is available on the Command Terminals. On this port may be done a network up to 127 REVO M.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal M1</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>RS485 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>RS485 B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

19 PG Connector

The PG Connector is used to configure the thyristor unit with the configuration software and with the programming cable. The programming cable is not included.

To Personal Computer USB port

TTL PORT (not USB)
20 Internal Fuse

The thyristor unit have internal fuse extrarapid at low I²t for the thyristor protection of against the short-circuits. The Fuses must have I²t 20% less than thyristor’s I²t.

The warranty of thyristor is null if no proper fuses are used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Fuse Code Spare Part</th>
<th>Current (ARMS)</th>
<th>Vac</th>
<th>Fuse I²t value Suggested A²s (at500V)*</th>
<th>Fuse I²t value Suggested A²s (at660V)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>060</td>
<td>20 559 20.160</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>10780</td>
<td>15400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>090</td>
<td>20 559 20.160</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>10780</td>
<td>15400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>20 559 20.180</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>14280</td>
<td>20400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>20 559 20.200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>17500</td>
<td>25000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180</td>
<td>20 559 20.250</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>30800</td>
<td>44000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>210</td>
<td>20 559 20.315</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>53900</td>
<td>77000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* I²T are multiplied for K value in function of Vac at 500V K is equal to 0,7 (ex:15400 X 0,7 = 10780). At 660Vsc K is equal to 1.

**Caution:** High speed fuses are used only for the thyristor protection and can not be used to protect the installation.

**Caution:** The warranty of thyristor is null if no proper fuses are used. See tab.

**Warning:** When it is supply, the Thyristor unit is subject to dangerous voltage, don’t open the Fuse-holder module and don’t touch the electric equipments.
20.1 Fuses Replacement
Open the cover and remove the screws
21 Maintenance

In order to have a corrected cooling, the user must clean the heat-sink and the protective grill of the fans. The frequency of this servicing depends on environmental pollution. Also check periodically if the screw for the power cables and safety earth are tightened correctly (See Connection Diagram)

21.1 Trouble Shooting

Small problems sometimes can be solved locally with the help of the below tab of trouble shooting. If you don’t succeed, contact us or your nearest distributor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Indication on front unit</th>
<th>Possible reasons of the symptom</th>
<th>Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load current doesn’t flow</td>
<td>Green LED (ON) light OFF</td>
<td>• No Auxiliary Voltage&lt;br&gt;• No input signal&lt;br&gt;• Reversed polarities of input signal</td>
<td>• Give auxiliary voltage supply (See Connection Diagram)&lt;br&gt;• Provide to give input signal&lt;br&gt;• Reverse the input signal polarity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Green LED (ON) light ON</td>
<td>• Fuse failure&lt;br&gt;• Load connection interruption&lt;br&gt;• Load failure: The yellow led (HB) is light on (with HB option)&lt;br&gt;• Thyristor fault: The red led (SC) is light on (with HB option)</td>
<td>• Change the fuse&lt;br&gt;• Check the wiring&lt;br&gt;• Check the load&lt;br&gt;• Change the thyristor module</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thyristor unit doesn’t work properly</th>
<th>Indication on front unit</th>
<th>Possible reasons of the symptom</th>
<th>Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Auxiliary voltage supply out of limits&lt;br&gt;• Wrong input signal selection.&lt;br&gt;• Wrong input signal calibration (out of range)</td>
<td>• Verify the auxiliary voltage supply&lt;br&gt;• Control input signal setting.&lt;br&gt;• Check input setting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21.2 Warranty condition

CD Automation gives a 12 months warranty to its products. The warranty is limited to repairing and parts substitution in our factory and does exclude products not properly used and fuses. Warranty does not include products with serial numbers deleted. The faulty product should be shipped to CD Automation at customer’s cost and our Service will evaluate if product is under warranty terms. Substituted parts remain of CD Automation property.